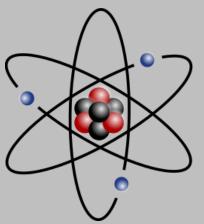




International House Tashkent Subject: Physics Department: ES, Course 1 Lesson 9. Conservation of energy







What is Energy?

- Energy lights our cities, powers our vehicles, and runs machinery in factories. It warms and cools our homes, cooks our food, plays our music, and gives us pictures on televisions.
- Energy is defined as the ability or the capacity to do work.



• Energy use has changed a great deal since people relied on the sun, their own bodies and the use of animals, like horses, as energy sources.



TIIAME





• Long ago, people learned how to use water power to turn wheels to grind grain and saw wood. They used wind power to water farms and power sail boats.

TIIAME





 People learned to use the chemical energy stored in wood to cook and heat their homes.





TYPES OF ENERGY



RENEWABLE ENERGY:

Renewable energy is creating power from existing sources without creating waste

Some examples are:

• Solar energy, Wind energy, Geothermal energy, Hydro energy, Tidal power

NON-RENEWABLE ENERGY:

Non-renewable energy must be taken from the ground and creates some form of waste

e.g. energy from burning of fossil fuels, coal, gas



