



ACADEMIC LYCEUM "INTERNATIONAL HOUSE – TASHKENT"

2nd semester ENGLISH LANGUAGE





Topic 42: Solutions. Advanced. Unit 7 Listening: Crossing border. Immigration



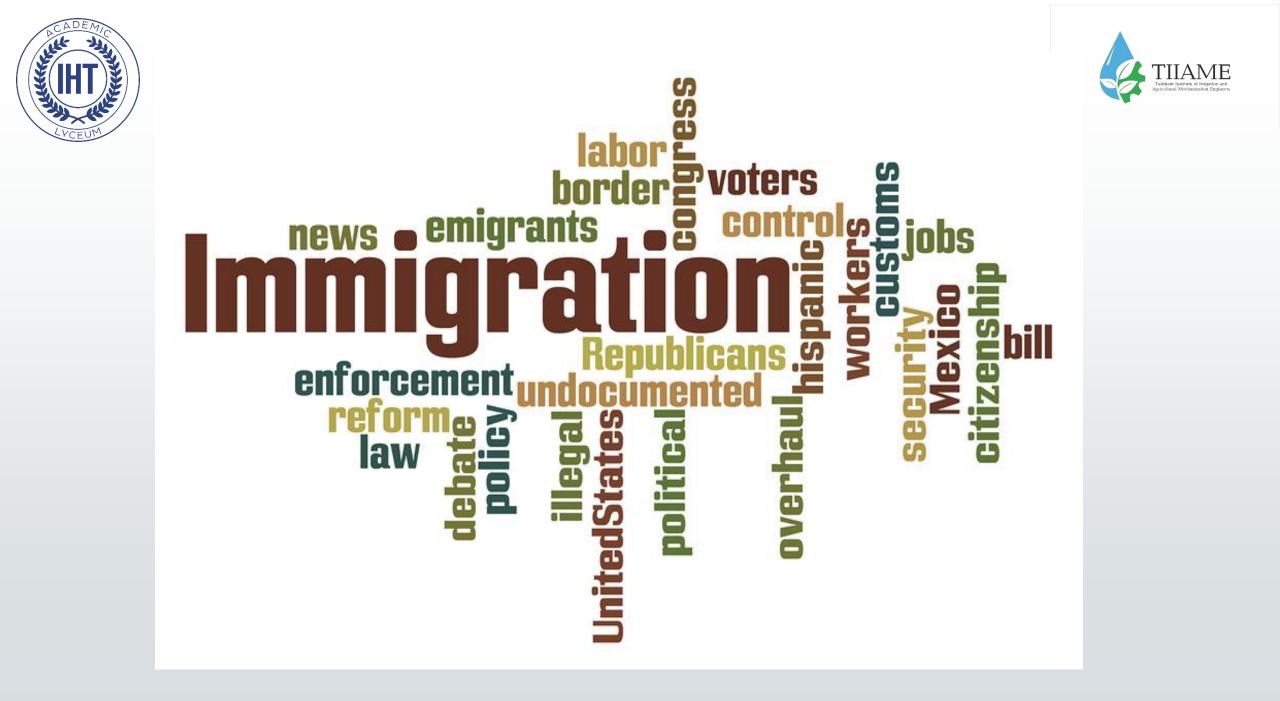




What is immigration?

 Immigration is the movement of people from one country or region to another in order to make a new home

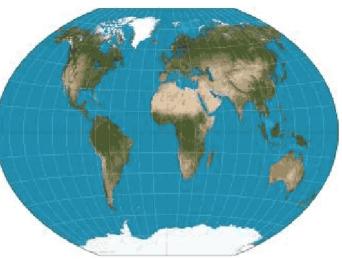








- **Migration** is the movement of people from one place to another.
- Emigration is when someone leaves a country.
- Immigration is when someone enters a country.



- The reasons for migration can be economic, social, political or environmental.
- Migration usually involves **push** and **pull** factors.





TYPES OF IMMIGRANTS

- In Canada, there are two types of immigration:
 <u>Economic</u> and <u>Social/Humanitarian</u>.
- Under each type, there are one or more classes of immigrant, each evaluated using a point system.
- Classes of economic immigrants include both permanent residents and temporary residents.
- A <u>permanent resident</u> is someone who is moving to Canada for good, whereas a <u>temporary resident</u> is only staying for a set period of time.





Migration is an expanding global reality.

Migrants have grown from **2.8%** to **3.4%** of the world's population.

The number of international migrants has **grown by 49%** since 2000.

International cooperation is essential as

migration will most likely continue to increase.







Migrants make significant contributions to both their host and home countries.

Migrants spend **85%** of their earnings in their host communities and send back the remaining **15%** to their countries of origin. Migrants sent home approximately \$600 billion in remittances in 2017— **3 times** all official development assistance.



Write a report for the given pie charts.



