



Topic 4:

Holidays
Adjectives
Articles
Will and going to







holiday /'holidei/

 an extended period of leisure and recreation, especially one spent away from home or in travelling

2. a short period during which the payment of instalments, tax, etc. may be suspended













Definitions

- all-in package/package holiday: a holiday where you purchase the travel and accommodation together
- > breathtaking view: an extremely beautiful view
- charter-flight: a cheaper form of flying than a scheduled flight





Definitions

- > check-in desk: the place at the airport where you register for your flight and deposit your luggage
- > departure lounge: where you wait for your flight to be called
- > far-off destination: somewhere a long way away
- to get away from it all: to take a holiday to escape a busy or stressful lifestyle





How to Use Articles A-AN-THE



A

- "A" is used in front of singular countable nouns (a person, animal or thing) which are not specific.
- · We don't use a before uncountable or plural nouns.
- If a noun starts with a consonant sound (b, c, d, f, g, h, j, k, etc.), "a" comes before the noun.

E.g. a dog, a chicken, a boy, a teacher, a girl, a lesson, a website, etc.







- "AN" is used in front of singular countable nouns which are not specific.
- We don't use a before uncountable or plural nouns.
- If the noun starts with a vowel sound (a, e, i, o, u), "an" comes before the noun.

E.g. an umbrella, an owl, an image, an hour, an enemy, an author, etc.





The

 We use 'THE' in front of all nouns (It does not matter whether the nouns are singular, plural countable or uncountable) to describe someone or something specific or unique.

E.g. the Moon, the world, the Sun, the atmosphere, the rain, the South, the West, the North, etc.



Definite Article









This is a specific pirate. The writer and readers know about him.

The indefinite article tells us something is non-specific.









COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH a, the, OR NO ARTICLE.

- 1. Sam's parents were in.... mountains.....last simmer.
- 2. Ann's aunt lives incountry.
- 3. Who helps Jane's mother about the house?
- 4. Mike's sister goes to..... playground in.... afternoon.
- 5. Have good summer!
- 6. Did you have good summer? Did you swim in river?
- 7. Do you go for walk in.... evening .
- 8. I go to park once.... week.
- 9. I've got...... lot of English books.
- 10. Were you in......forest week ago?











Rapid Decision

- I'm thirsty. I think I will buy a drink.

Offer

- That looks heavy. I will help you with it.

Promise

Don't worry, I won't tell anyone.

Threat

- If you don't stop, I **will** tell your mother.

Refusal

won't = will not

- She **won't** listen to anything I say.

GOING TO

Prior Plan

- = The decision was made before the moment of speaking.
- I'm going to the beach next weekend with my friends.

Evidence / Signs

- = When there are signs that something is likely to happen.
- My stomach hurts a lot and I think I **am going to** throw up.
- It's 70-0. They're going to win.

You can use both **Will** and **Going to** for making predictions.

- I think it **will** rain tomorrow. = - I think it **is going to** rain tomorrow.

COMPARE: Are you busy this evening?

I haven't made any plans.
 I think I will probably watch TV.
 I'm probably going to watch TV.

Will and **going to** are both possible here. We are "predicting" what will happen because nothing is planned.

- Yes, I'm going to the movies.

Only **Going to** is possible because this is a prior plan.

In spoken English **Going to** is often pronounced as "**gonna**"







Will











Going to...









Put in 'will' or 'be going to':

1.	A: We don't have any bread. B: I know. I get some from the shop.
2.	A: We don't have any bread. B: Really? I get some from the shop then.
3.	A: Why do you need to borrow my suitcase? B: I visit my mother in Scotland next month.
4.	A: I'm really cold. B: I turn the heating on.
5.	A: Are you going to John's party tonight? B: Yes. Are you going too? I give you a lift.





6.	A: What are your plans after you leave university? B: I work in a hospital in Africa. I leave on the 28 th .		
7.	(The phone rings) A: I	get it!	
8.	A: Are you ready to or B: I can't decide O		have the steak, please.
9.	A: Are you busy tonig B: Sorry. Iall day.	•	e to have coffee? he library. I've been planning to study
10	. A: Why are you carryi	ing a hammer?	
	B: I	put up some j	pictures.