



2nd semester





IT skills. Basics of e-learning. Internet safety









Information technology (IT) is the use of <u>computers</u> to store, retrieve, transmit, and manipulate <u>data</u> or <u>information</u>. IT is typically used within the context of <u>business operations</u> as opposed to personal or entertainment technologies. IT is considered to be a subset of <u>information and communications technology</u> (ICT). An <u>information technology system</u> (IT system) is generally an <u>information system</u>, a <u>communications system</u> or, more specifically speaking, a <u>computer system</u> – including all <u>hardware</u>, <u>software</u> and <u>peripheral</u> equipment – operated by a limited group of users.



Humans have been storing, retrieving, manipulating, and communicating information since the <u>Sumerians</u> in <u>Mesopotamia</u> developed <u>writing</u> in about 3000 BC, but the term *information technology* in its modern sense first appeared in a 1958 article published in the <u>Harvard Business Review</u>; authors <u>Harold J. Leavitt</u> and Thomas L. Whisler commented that "the new technology does not yet have a single established name. We shall call it information technology (IT)." Their definition consists of three categories: techniques for processing, the application of <u>statistical</u> and mathematical methods to <u>decision-making</u>, and the simulation of higher-order thinking through computer programs.





The term is commonly used as a synonym for computers and computer networks, but it also encompasses other information distribution technologies such as <u>television</u> and telephones. Several products or services within an economy are associated with information technology, including <u>computer</u> <u>hardware</u>, software, electronics, semiconductors, internet, <u>telecom equipment</u>, and <u>e-commerce</u>.

Based on the storage and processing technologies employed, it is possible to distinguish four distinct phases of IT development: pre-mechanical (3000 BC – 1450 AD), mechanical (1450–1840), electromechanical (1840–1940), and electronic (1940–present). This article focuses on the most recent

period (electronic).











